

String cobordism at the prime 3

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the prime 3

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The Adams spectral
sequence for $MO\langle 8 \rangle$

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What is string cobordism?

String cobordism or *MString* is Haynes Miller's name for the spectrum also known as $MO\langle 8 \rangle$, the Thom spectrum associated with the $BO\langle 8 \rangle$, the 7-connected cover of the space BO .



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At each prime larger than 3, it is known to split as a wedge of suspensions of the Brown-Peterson spectrum BP .

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THE 7-CONNECTED COBORDISM RING AT $p = 3$

MARK A. HOVEY AND DOUGLAS C. RAVENEL

ABSTRACT. In this paper, we study the cobordism spectrum $MO\langle 8 \rangle$ at the prime 3. This spectrum is important because it is conjectured to play the role for elliptic cohomology that Spin cobordism plays for real K -theory. We show that the torsion is all killed by 3, and that the Adams-Novikov spectral sequence collapses after only 2 differentials. Many of our methods apply more generally.

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It is useful to compare this problem with the study of MSO (oriented cobordism) and MSU (special unitary cobordism) at the prime 2.

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There is a corresponding splitting of the spectrum $MSO_{(2)}$ into a wedge of integer and mod 2 Eilenberg-Mac Lane spectra. The Adams spectral sequence for MSO collapses from E_2 .

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H_*MSU is the “double” of H_*MSO .

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where $v_n \in \pi_{2(2^n-1)}$ (in Adams filtration 1) is related to the generator of π_*BP of the same name. Recall that π_*bo has torsion in dimensions congruent to 1 and 2 modulo 8.

Here is the Adams E_2 page for the hypothetical summand X of $MSU_{(2)}$.

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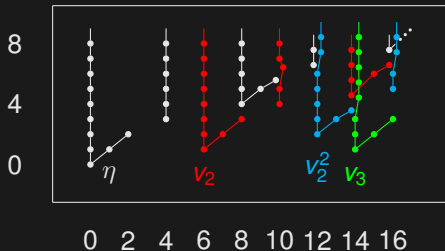
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Some informative history: MSU (continued)

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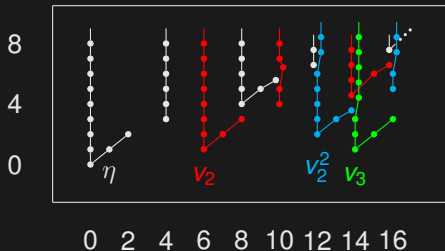
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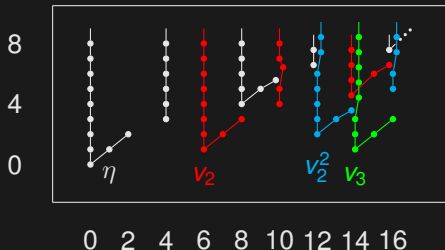
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We have seen that H_*MSU has an A_* -comodule summand isomorphic to

$$P(\zeta_1^4, \zeta_2^2, \zeta_3^2, \dots) \otimes P(y_8, y_{16}, y_{24}, \dots) \subset H_*MSU.$$

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The Conner-Floyd theorem leads to Adams differentials

$$d_2(y_{2^{n+1}}) = \eta v_n \quad \text{for } n \geq 2,$$

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We have seen that H_*MSU has an A_* -comodule summand isomorphic to

$$P(\zeta_1^4, \zeta_2^2, \zeta_3^2, \dots) \otimes P(y_8, y_{16}, y_{24}, \dots) \subset H_*MSU.$$

The Conner-Floyd theorem leads to Adams differentials

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which we call **Pengelly differentials**.

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This means that *MSU* **does not split** as expected into a wedge of suspensions of X and BP . Instead of X , Pengelley gets a spectrum ***BoP*** with an additive A_* -comodule isomorphism

$$H_*BoP \cong P(\zeta_1^4, \zeta_2^2, \zeta_3^2, \dots) \otimes E(y_8, y_{16}, y_{32}, \dots).$$

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Pengelley shows that $MSU_{(2)}$ is equivalent to a wedge of suspensions of BoP and BP .

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Spoiler: Our goal is to prove a similar statement about $MO\langle 8 \rangle_{(3)}$. Our analog of BoP supports a map to tmf (instead of bo) inducing an isomorphism of torsion in π_* .

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Pengelley shows that $MSU_{(2)}$ is equivalent to a wedge of suspensions of BoP and BP .

Spoiler: Our goal is to prove a similar statement about $MO\langle 8 \rangle_{(3)}$. Our analog of BoP supports a map to tmf (instead of bo) inducing an isomorphism of torsion in π_* . Hence we call it BmP .

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The space $BO\langle 8\rangle_{(3)}$ is a **Wilson space**,

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The space $BO\langle 8\rangle_{(3)}$ is a **Wilson space**, meaning that it has both torsion free homology and torsion free homotopy.

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The space $BO\langle 8 \rangle_{(3)}$ is a **Wilson space**, meaning that it has both torsion free homology and torsion free homotopy. Such spaces are classified by Steve Wilson in a 1973 paper.

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Let $e_n = (p^{n+1} - 1)/(p - 1) = 1 + p + \cdots + p^n$.

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Then Wilson shows the following:

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- BP_k is a Wilson space for each k .

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- $BP\langle n\rangle_k$ is one for $k \leq 2e_n$.

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- $BP\langle n\rangle_k$ is one for $k \leq 2e_n$.
- Every Wilson space is equivalent to a product of these spaces.

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Then Wilson shows the following:

- BP_k is a Wilson space for each k .
- $BP\langle n \rangle_k$ is one for $k \leq 2e_n$.
- Every Wilson space is equivalent to a product of these spaces.
- In particular, for such k , $BP\langle n \rangle_k$ is a factor of BP_k and of $BP\langle n' \rangle_k$ for each $n' > n$.

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Given a homotopy commutative ring spectrum E (such as BP or $BP\langle n \rangle$),

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Given a homotopy commutative ring spectrum E (such as BP or $BP\langle n \rangle$), let E_k denote the k th space in its Ω -spectrum. Then

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Given a homotopy commutative ring spectrum E (such as BP or $BP\langle n \rangle$), let E_k denote the k th space in its Ω -spectrum. Then

- E_k is an infinite loop space, so H_*E_k (with field coefficients) is a Hopf algebra.

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- The multiplication in E induces maps $E_k \times E_\ell \rightarrow E_{k+\ell}$.

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- These two products make the graded space E_\bullet into a graded ring object in the category of coalgebras,

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- The multiplication in E induces maps $E_k \times E_l \rightarrow E_{k+l}$. Given $x \in H_*E_k$ and $y \in H_*E_l$, the image of $x \otimes y$ in H_*E_{k+l} is denoted by $x \circ y$, the **circle product**. It plays nicely with the Hopf algebra coproduct.
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- These two products make the graded space E_\bullet into a graded ring object in the category of coalgebras, a **Hopf ring**. The star and circle products are related by the **Hopf ring distributive law**,

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- These two products make the graded space E_\bullet into a graded ring object in the category of coalgebras, a **Hopf ring**. The star and circle products are related by the **Hopf ring distributive law**, in which they correspond respectively to addition and multiplication.

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For $x \in \pi_m E$, we get an element

$$[x] \in H_0 E_{-m},$$

the Hurewicz image of $x \in \pi_0 E_{-m}$.

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sequence for $MO\langle 8 \rangle$

Carl McTague
Vitaly Lorman
Doug Ravenel

For $x \in \pi_m E$, we get an element

$$[x] \in H_0 E_{-m},$$

the Hurewicz image of $x \in \pi_0 E_{-m}$.

When E is complex oriented, we get a map $\mathbf{C}P^\infty \rightarrow E_2$,

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We are interested in elements of the form

$$[v^J]b^J = [v_1^{i_1} \dots v_n^{i_n}]b_1^{j_0} b_p^{j_1} \dots \in H_{2m}BP\langle n \rangle_{2k}$$

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where the multiplication is the circle product,

$$m = ||J|| := j_0 + j_1 p + j_2 p^2 + \dots$$

and

$$\begin{aligned} k &= |I| - ||I|| + |J| \\ &= i_1 + \dots + i_n - (i_1 p + \dots + i_n p^n) + j_0 + j_1 + j_2 + \dots \end{aligned}$$

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It is known that $H_*BP\langle n \rangle_{2k}$ for $k \leq e_n$ is generated by such elements as a ring under the star product, subject to the [Hopf ring relation](#), which is related to the formal group law.

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It is known that $H_*BP\langle n \rangle_{2k}$ for $k \leq e_n$ is generated by such elements as a ring under the star product, subject to the **Hopf ring relation**, which is related to the formal group law. For example, it implies that for each $t \geq 0$,

$$[v_1]b_{p^t}^p = -b_{p^t}^{*p} \in H_{2p^{t+1}}BP\langle n \rangle_2.$$

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More history: Wilson spaces and Hopf rings (continued)

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the prime 3

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We will refer to computations with the elements $[v^I]b^J$,

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We will refer to computations with the elements $[v^I]b^J$, using the Hopf ring distributive law and the Hopf ring relation,

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At $p = 3$, $BO\langle 8 \rangle$ is the borderline Wilson space $BP\langle 1 \rangle_8$.

Carl McTague
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At $p = 3$, $BO\langle 8 \rangle$ is the borderline Wilson space $BP\langle 1 \rangle_8$. Its homology has a polynomial factor and a truncated polynomial factor of height 3.

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At $p = 3$, $BO\langle 8 \rangle$ is the borderline Wilson space $BP\langle 1 \rangle_8$. Its homology has a polynomial factor and a truncated polynomial factor of height 3. Its first few generators are

$$\begin{aligned}
 y_8 &= b_1^4 && \text{with } y_8^3 = 0 \\
 x_{12} &= b_1^3 b_3 && x_{16} = b_1^2 b_3^2 \\
 y_{20} &= b_1 b_3^3 && \text{with } y_{20}^3 = 0 \\
 x_{24} &= b_1^3 b_9 && y_{24} = b_3^4 - b_1^3 b_9 \quad \text{with } y_{24}^3 = 0 \\
 x_{28} &= b_1^2 b_3 b_9 && x_{32} = b_1 b_3^2 b_9 \\
 &\vdots && \\
 x_{52} &= [v_1] b_1^2 b_3^2 b_9^2, && \text{the first appearance of } [v_1]
 \end{aligned}$$

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We find that

$$H_*BO\langle 8 \rangle \cong P(x_{4m} : m \geq 3, 2m \neq 1 + 3^n) \\ \otimes \Gamma(y_{2(1+3^n)} : n \geq 0),$$

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$$\Gamma(y_8) \cong P(y_8, y_{24}, y_{72}, \dots) / (y_{8 \cdot 3^i}^3),$$

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$$\Gamma(y_8) \cong P(y_8, y_{24}, y_{72}, \dots) / (y_{8 \cdot 3^i}^3),$$

and the Verschiebung map V , the dual of the p th power map, divides each subscript by 3.

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It is not hard to work out the right action of the mod 3 Steenrod algebra \mathcal{A} on $H_*BO\langle 8 \rangle$,

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We want to study the 3-primary Adams spectral sequence for $MO\langle 8 \rangle$.

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We want to study the 3-primary Adams spectral sequence for $MO\langle 8 \rangle$. Recall that

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\mathcal{A} has a subalgebra \mathcal{E} with

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$$\mathrm{Ext}_{\mathcal{E}_*}(\mathbf{Z}/3, \mathbf{Z}/3) \cong P(a_0, a_1, \dots) =: V.$$

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Here a_n corresponds to $v_n \in \pi_* BP$,

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Here a_n corresponds to $v_n \in \pi_* BP$, where $v_0 = 3$. It has Adams filtration 1 and topological dimension $2(3^n - 1)$.

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There is a Cartan-Eilenberg spectral sequence converging to our Adams E_2 -page with

$$\begin{aligned} E_1^{*,*,*} &\cong \text{Ext}_{\mathcal{P}_*}(\mathbf{Z}/3, \text{Ext}_{\mathcal{E}_*}(\mathbf{Z}/3, H_*MO\langle 8 \rangle)) \\ &\cong \text{Ext}_{\mathcal{P}_*}(\mathbf{Z}/3, H_*MO\langle 8 \rangle \otimes V). \end{aligned} \tag{1}$$

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The coaction of \mathcal{E}_* on $H_*MO\langle 8 \rangle$ is trivial since the latter is concentrated in even dimensions.

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The coaction of \mathcal{E}_* on $H_*MO\langle 8 \rangle$ is trivial since the latter is concentrated in even dimensions. This leads to the second isomorphism of (1).

Carl McTague
Vitaly Lorman
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Let

$$J = (x_{12}^3, x_{16}^3, x_{52}, x_{160}, \dots) \subseteq H_* MO\langle 8 \rangle,$$

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the **change of rings ideal**. One can show that

$$\mathrm{Ext}_{\mathcal{P}_*}(\mathbf{Z}/3, H_* MO\langle 8 \rangle) \cong \mathrm{Ext}_{\mathcal{P}(1)_*}(\mathbf{Z}/3, H_* MO\langle 8 \rangle/J),$$

the **first change of rings isomorphism**,

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$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{36} \quad \mathbf{48} \quad \mathbf{52} \quad \mathbf{160} \\ \mathcal{P}(1)_* &= \mathcal{P}_*/(\zeta_1^9, \zeta_2^3, \zeta_3, \zeta_4, \dots) \\ &= P(\zeta_1, \zeta_2)/(\zeta_1^9, \zeta_2^3) \end{aligned}$$

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is dual to the subalgebra $\mathcal{P}(1) \subseteq \mathcal{P}$ generated by the Steenrod operations P^1 and P^3 .

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is dual to the subalgebra $\mathcal{P}(1) \subseteq \mathcal{P}$ generated by the Steenrod operations P^1 and P^3 . **This is a major simplification.**

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Recall

$$\mathrm{Ext}_{\mathcal{P}_*}(\mathbf{Z}/3, H_*MO\langle 8 \rangle) \cong \mathrm{Ext}_{\mathcal{P}(1)_*}(\mathbf{Z}/3, L),$$

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$$Q := [P^3, P^1] = P^3P^1 - P^4 \quad \text{with } Q^3 = 0.$$

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$$\mathrm{Ext}_{\mathcal{P}(1)_*}(\mathbf{Z}/3, L) \cong \mathrm{Ext}_{\mathcal{P}(1)'_*}(\mathbf{Z}/3, L'),$$

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$$\mathcal{P}(1)'_* = P(\zeta_1)/(\zeta_1^9),$$

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$$\mathcal{P}(1)'_* = P(\zeta_1) / (\zeta_1^9),$$

and $L' \subseteq L$ is the subring on which Q acts trivially.

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Similarly in the Adams spectral sequence for $MO\langle 8 \rangle$,

$$\begin{aligned} E_2 &= \text{Ext}_{\mathcal{P}_*}(\mathbf{Z}/3, H_*MO\langle 8 \rangle \otimes V) \\ &\cong \text{Ext}_{\mathcal{P}(1)_*}(\mathbf{Z}/3, L \otimes V) \\ &\cong \text{Ext}_{\mathcal{P}(1)'_*}(\mathbf{Z}/3, (L \otimes V)') \end{aligned}$$

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where $\mathcal{P}(1)'_* = P(\zeta_1)/\zeta_1^9$ and

$$(L \otimes V)' := \ker Q \subseteq L \otimes V.$$

The Adams spectral sequence for $MO\langle 8 \rangle$ (continued)

String cobordism at the prime 3

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Here is the first $P(1)'$ -summand of L' .

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$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 0 & & 12 & & 24 & & \\
 1 & \xleftarrow[\mathcal{P}^3]{-1} & x_{12} & \xleftarrow[\mathcal{P}^3]{} & x_{12}^2 + \bar{y}_{24} & & \\
 & & \downarrow \mathcal{P}^1 & & \downarrow \mathcal{P}^1 & & \\
 & & y_8 & \xleftarrow[\mathcal{P}^3]{} & \bar{y}_{20} - y_8 x_{12} & \xleftarrow[\mathcal{P}^3]{-1} & x_{12} \bar{y}_{20} + y_8 (x_{12}^2 - \bar{y}_{24}), \\
 & & 8 & & 20 & & 32
 \end{array}$$

The Adams spectral sequence for $MO\langle 8 \rangle$ (continued)

String cobordism at the prime 3

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 & & \downarrow P^1 & & \downarrow P^1 \\
 & & y_8 & \xleftarrow{P^3} & \bar{y}_{20} - y_8 x_{12} & \xleftarrow{P^3} & x_{12} \bar{y}_{20} + y_8 (x_{12}^2 - \bar{y}_{24}), \\
 & & 8 & & 20 & & 32
 \end{array}$$

where $\bar{y}_{20} = y_{20} + y_8 x_{12}$, and $\bar{y}_{24} = y_{24} - y_8 x_{16}$.

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 & & 8 & & 20 & & 32
 \end{array}$$

where $\bar{y}_{20} = y_{20} + y_8 x_{12}$, and $\bar{y}_{24} = y_{24} - y_8 x_{16}$. Here is the next one, which is free.

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 24 & & 36 & & 48 \\
 \bar{y}_{24} & \xleftarrow{P^3} & x_{12} \bar{y}_{24} + y_8^2 \bar{y}_{20} & \xleftarrow{P^3} & x_{12}^2 \bar{y}_{24} \\
 \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\
 \bar{y}_{20} & \xleftarrow{P^3} & x_{12} \bar{y}_{20} + y_8 \bar{y}_{24} & \xleftarrow{P^3} & x_{12}^2 \bar{y}_{20} - y_8 x_{12} \bar{y}_{24} \\
 \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\
 y_8^2 & \xleftarrow{P^3} & -y_8 \bar{y}_{20} + y_8^2 x_{12} & \xleftarrow{P^3} & y_8 x_{12} \bar{y}_{20} + y_8^2 (x_{12}^2 - \bar{y}_{24}) \\
 16 & & 28 & & 40
 \end{array}$$

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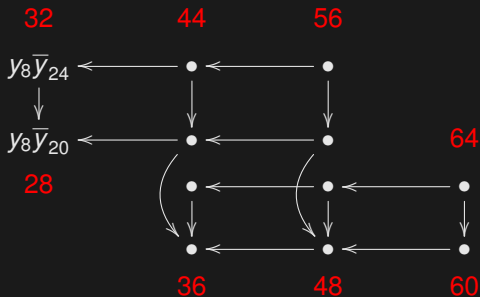
The Adams spectral sequence for $MO\langle 8 \rangle$

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Here is a third one.



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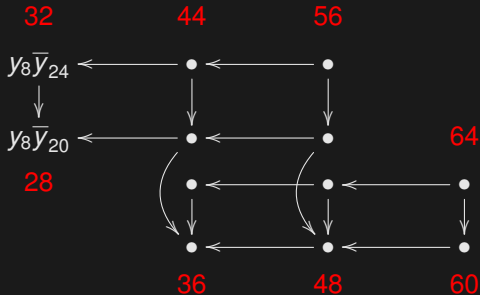
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Here is a third one.



This one is isomorphic to the first one tensored with a rank 2 module in the first column.

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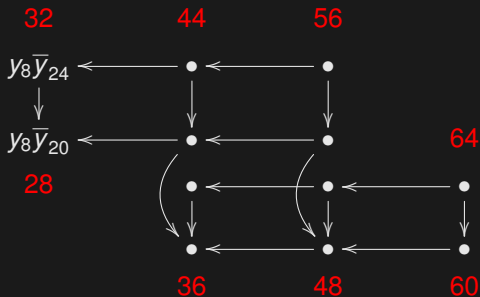
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In each case the Ext group is easy to compute.

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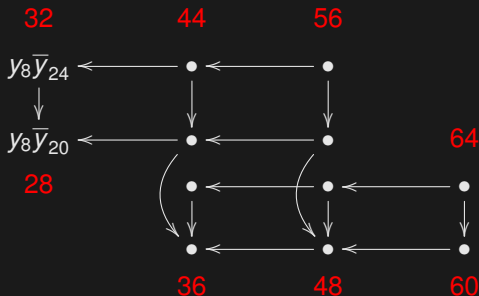
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In each case the Ext group is easy to compute. It turns out that both L' and $(L \otimes V)'$ decompose as a direct sum of $\mathcal{P}(1)'$ -modules of these three types.

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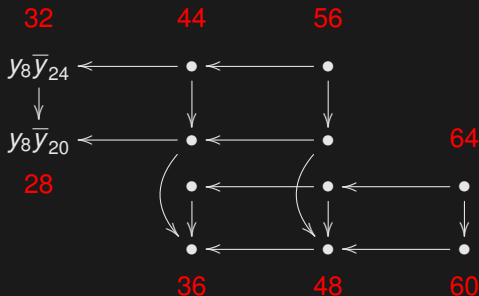
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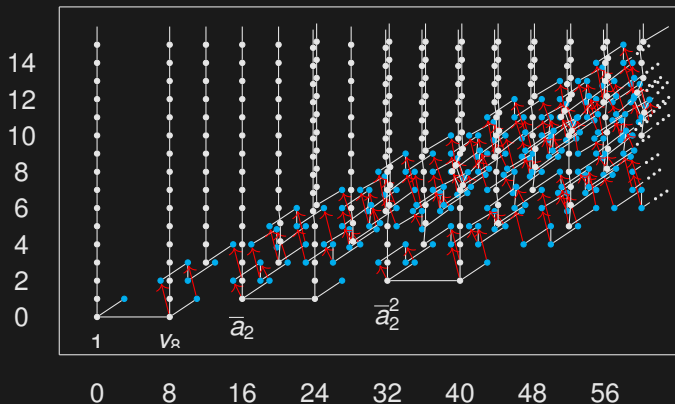
In each case the Ext group is easy to compute. It turns out that both L' and $(L \otimes V)'$ decompose as a direct sum of $\mathcal{P}(1)'$ -modules of these three types. Each free summand of L' corresponds to summand of the spectrum $MO\langle 8 \rangle$ equivalent to a suspension of BP .

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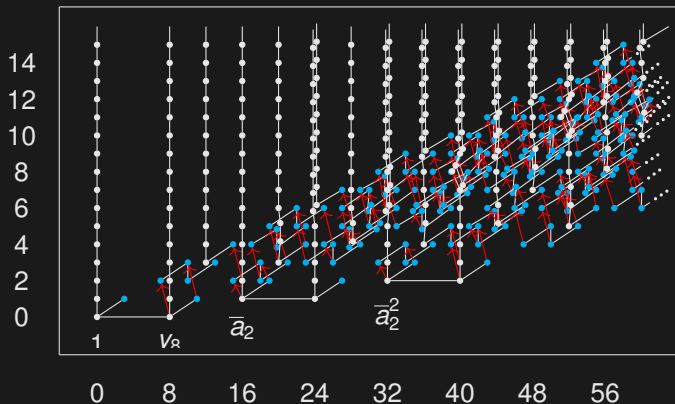
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This chart shows Adams d_1 s and d_2 s in for the subalgebra of L' generated by $y_8, x_{12}, \bar{y}_{20}$ and \bar{y}_{24} .

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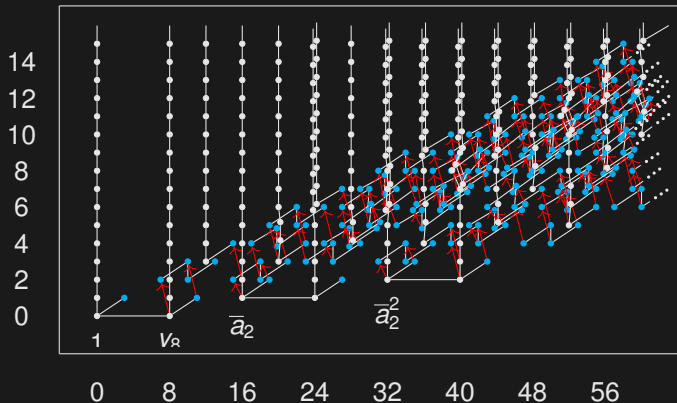
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String cobordism at the prime 3

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This chart shows Adams d_1 s and d_2 s in for the subalgebra of L' generated by y_8 , x_{12} , \bar{y}_{20} and \bar{y}_{24} . The 48-dimensional class \bar{a}_2^3 is excluded to avoid clutter.

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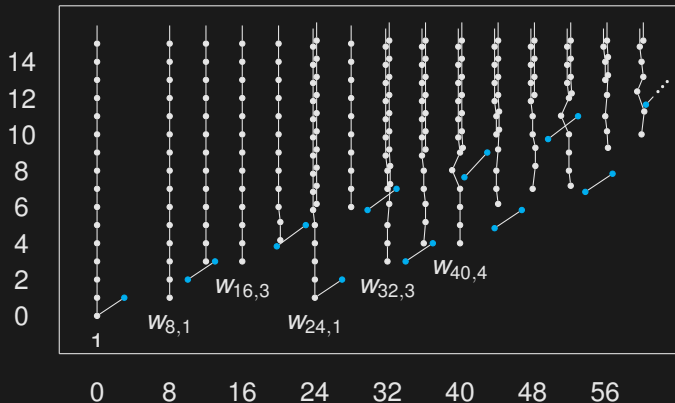
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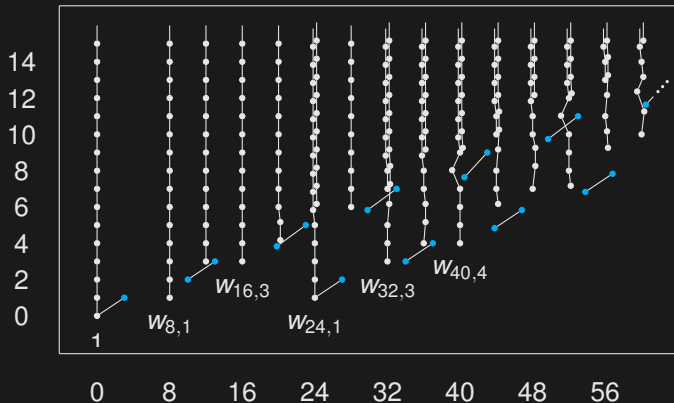
Wilson spaces and Hopf rings

$H_*BO\langle 8 \rangle$ and $H_*MO\langle 8 \rangle$

Two change of rings isomorphisms

The Adams spectral sequence for $MO\langle 8 \rangle$

E_3 page



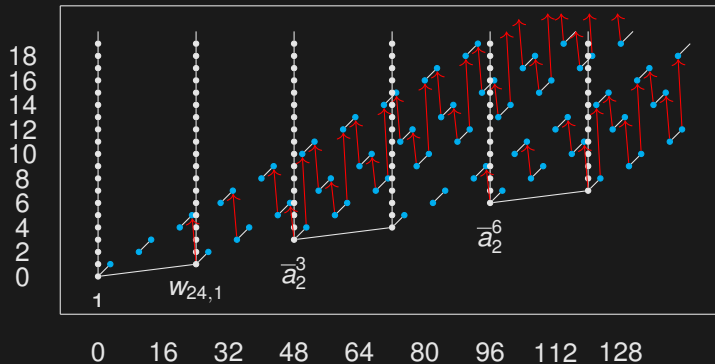
This chart shows the resulting E_3 page with torsion elements shown in blue.

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String cobordism at the prime 3

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Vitaly Lorman
Doug Ravenel

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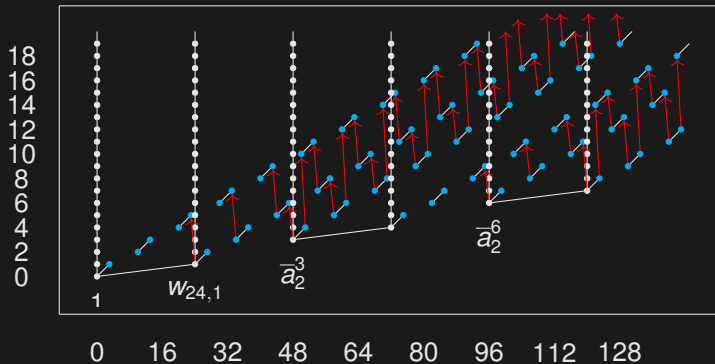
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This is the previous chart with \bar{a}_2^3 tensored in.

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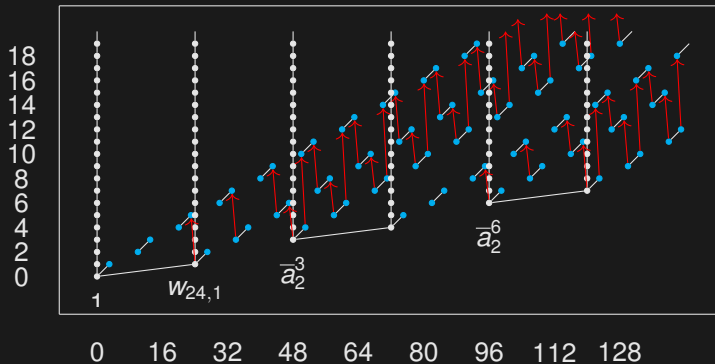
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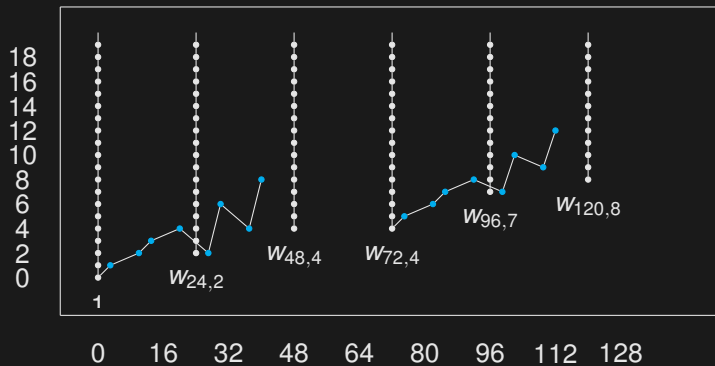
This is the previous chart with \overline{a}_2^3 tensored in. It shows a larger range of dimensions with higher Toda type differentials, with more elements removed to avoid clutter.

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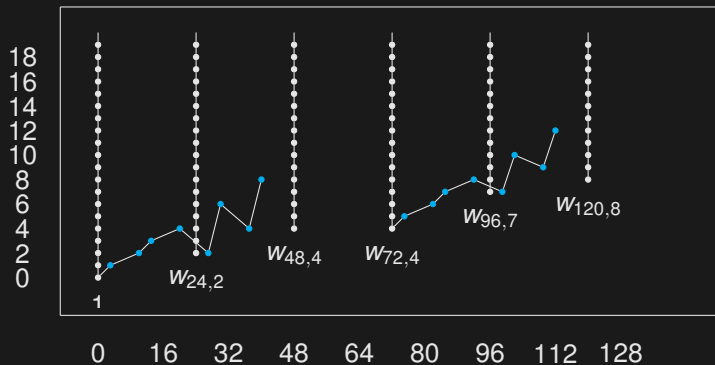
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sequence for $MO\langle 8 \rangle$

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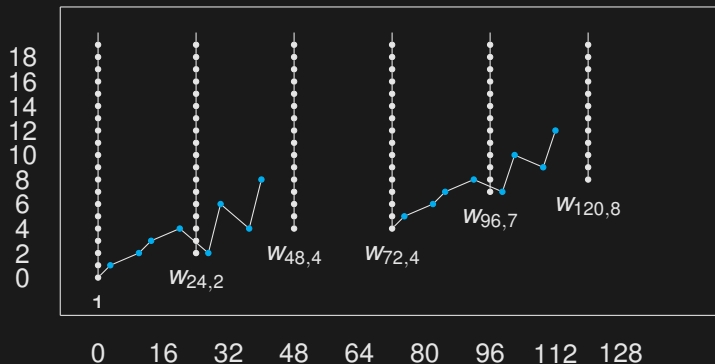
Thus shows the resulting E_∞ page with torsion elements in blue.

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Thus shows the resulting E_∞ page with torsion elements in blue. They coincide with Dominic Culver's 2019 description of the 3-primary torsion in π_*tmf , which is 144-dimensional periodic.

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